

# Langtang Gosaikunda Trek

URL: <https://himalaya-discovery.com/trip/langtang-gosaikunda-trek/>

## Trip Code

ETC154

## Destination

Nepal

## Activity

Trekking in Nepal

## Start / End Point

Syabrubesi / Sundarjal

## Duration

16

## Accommodation

Lodge

## Region

Langtang

## Max. Altitude

4,610m

## Nature Of Trek

Teahouse to Teahouse  
Trekking

## Best Season

February to June, September to  
Mid-December

## Activity Per Day

4 to 6 hours

## Group Size

1 - 8

## Transportation

Private or Shared Vehicle

## Lodge

Nepal lodges, also known as  
teahouses, are basic yet cozy  
accommodations found along  
trekking routes.

## BLD

## Moderate

## Trip Highlights

- Sacred Lake Gosaikunda (4,380 m)
- Exciting Laurebina Pass crossing at 4,610 m
- Stunning Langtang Valley glacier scenery
- Yak cheese factory, Kyanjin Gompa and Sing Gompa
- Alpine drive through Helambu Valley to Kathmandu

# Trip Overview

Langtang Gosaikunda Trek is a wonderful trip that combines three trekking trails as [Langtang Valley Trek](#), Gosaikunda trek and [Helambu Circuit Trek](#). Following the Trishuli River north of Kathmandu, we travel through Trishuli Bazaar and Dhunche to Syabrubesi, a Tamang village located at the very edge of the Langtang National Park. We then turn east into the Langtang Valley, crossing the river several times as we ascend up along a gorge-like lower section of the Valley.

We pass through oak and rhododendron forests and even cross glacial moraine on our way to the Tamang village of Langtang. We start our trek from Sybrubesi to lama hotel and then we reach to Kyanjin Gompa within three days of our trek commenced Kyanjin Gompa, we go for surroundings visits such as Monastery, Cheese factory.

The [lake Gosaikunda](#) is a sacred pilgrimage of Hindus. The lake is visited every year by thousands of visitors during the full-moon night in August. Langtang Valley is a beautiful valley in the world. You will keep walking through varieties of tiny village and track of thick forest.

The trek becomes beautiful walk through Rhododendron and pine trees where you will see honey hunter Animal, langur Monkey (Seto badar) and waterfalls we will continue walking to reach Gosaikunda. On the way, you will pass through Lauribinayak. From here you will have a fantastic view of [Langtang Region](#).

## Best Time to Trek Langtang Gosaikunda

The best seasons for the [Langtang Gosain](#)

The trails from Thulosyabru to Foprang Danda (3200 meters) follows a steep ascent path passing through Dursagang (2660 meters) along with the views of Langtang Himal, Ganesh Himal, Tibetan Mountain, Hemlock and forests.

Now the path gently ascends for a while then it follows a flat level to Sing Gompa. There is a well managed local cheese factory and a Buddhist Monastery. Singgompa provides panoramic views, exhilarating nature and Yak Cheese factory.

The cheese manufactured here is considered the best in Nepal. Overnight at guesthouse.

[kunda trek](#) is spring (March to May) and autumn (September to November, and mid December). The moderate and stable weather, clear Himalayan views and the best of natural beauty during these times make it perfect for trekking in this region.

Spring is the perfect season to visit Gosainkunda to experience the best of its natural beauty. You will trek through beautiful, dense forests. Flowers, especially rhododendrons, are in full bloom. This season offers chances to witness rare wildflowers and vegetation.

Trekkers choose the Autumn Langtang Gosainkunda trek due to the mild weather, dry terrain, and clear views of the Himalayas. In addition, Hindu pilgrims travel to Gosainkunda during this time of year to perform ancient rites in the lake.

Both these seasons offer opportunities for hiking underneath clear skies, through dense forests surrounded by the breathtaking views of the Himalayas. Because of the pleasant temperatures along with stable weather, you will be able to walk easily during these seasons.

# Langtang With Gosaikunda Trek Itinerary From Kathmandu

This Langtang with Gosaikunda Trek itinerary begins only from Kathmandu and not any other city and takes you straight into the heart of the Nepal Himalayas. From Kathmandu, you drive north to Syabrubesi and then hike through lush forests and Tamang villages.

You'll walk past Lama Hotel, then ascend through Langtang Village and on to Kyanjin Gompa in the Langtang Valley, taking dramatic views of peaks such as Langtang Lirung and Ganesh Himal along the way.

The path, after exploring the valley and optional hikes like Tsergo Ri, heads back down toward Thulo Syabru before climbing again through beautiful alpine terrain to Gosaikunda's sacred high-altitude lakes (around 4,380 m), an important pilgrimage spot for Hindus and Buddhists alike.

From Gosaikunda, you proceed in the direction of Ghopte, then make your way out through villages such as Kutumsang and Chisapani to Sundarjal and finally return to Kathmandu.

## Two of Best Places To Reach in Langtang Valley With Just One Itinerary

### Kyanjin Gompa

Kyanjin Gompa is a picturesque village, home to an ancient monastery and located in the heart of Langtang Valley, at about 3,800 metres above sea level. It has magnificent snow-capped peaks - including Langtang Lirung - surrounding it. Kyanjin Gompa offers a very relaxed vibe with its serene Buddhist atmosphere and colourful prayer flags waving in the wind.

The village has many small stone houses near the temple; trekkers frequently enjoy beautiful panoramic views of the surrounding mountains. Many also hike to nearby viewing ridges such as Kyanjin Ri, which offer wonderful scenery of the mountains surrounding Kyanjin Gompa. The village also has a traditional yak cheese factory where visitors will learn about local culture and the daily lives of the people who live in the mountains.

### Gosaikunda

Gosaikunda is a sacred high-altitude lake located in the Langtang National Park at around 4,380 metres above sea level. It is famous for its clear blue colour and spiritual significance. According to Hindu and Buddhist legends, Lord Shiva created Gosaikunda by piercing through a glacier with his trident to relieve the burning sensation in his throat; therefore, it is an important pilgrimage destination for Hindus and Buddhists.

Trekkers trekking to Gosaikunda will have wonderful mountain sights, and since Gosaikunda has a spiritual significance, the combination of splendid Nature with peace of mind will make it an unforgettable experience.

# Goasainkunda Lake Langtang Trekking Distance and Map

The Gosaikunda Lake Langtang trekking trail is a wonderful combination of the classic Langtang Valley trek with sacred high-altitude lakes of Gosaikunda that passes through lush evergreen pine forests, traditional villages, and alpine meadows before rising to a stunning turquoise blue lake enclosed with towering peaks of the Himalaya.

The complete Langtang with Gosaikunda trek is around 110 to 130 km or 68 to 81 mi, taking approximately 17 days and reaching its highest elevation at Lauribina La Pass, about 4,610 m. Gosaikunda itself sits about 4,380 m above sea level, with the trail starting somewhere near Syabrubesi, after a drive from Kathmandu, then passing through Langtang Village to Kyanjin Gumpa to Thulo Syabru and Sing Gumpa, all before culminating at the sacred lakes.

An exciting mix of cultural experience, combined with panoramic views, as well as vigorous trekking.

Day	Route / Place	Approximate Distance (km)	Altitude (m)	Approximate Duration	Elevation Gain (m)	Notes
01	Arrival in Kathmandu	No distance	1,400	No walking hours	No elevation gain	Arrival day
02	Sightseeing and Briefing	No distance	1,400	No walking hours	No elevation gain	Preparation day
03	Drive to Syabrubesi	130 kilometers by road	1,462	7 hours	No data	Road journey
04	Syabrubesi to Lama Hotel	11 kilometers	2,500	5 to 7 hours	Gain of 1,000 meters	Forest and river trails
05	Lama Hotel to Langtang Village	15 kilometers	3,430	6 to 7 hours	Gain of 930 meters	Alpine valley trail
06	Langtang Village to Kyanjin Gumpa	7 kilometers	3,870	3 to 4 hours	Gain of 440 meters	Valley ascent
07	Acclimatization at Kyanjin Gumpa	No distance	3,870	No walking hours	No elevation gain	Explore valley
08	Kyanjin to Lama Hotel	21 kilometers	2,500	6 to 8 hours	Return descent	Return trek
09	Lama Hotel to Thulo Syabru	12 kilometers	2,250	5 to 6 hours	Loss of 250 meters	Forest and ridge trail
10	Thulo Syabru to Sing Gumpa	8 kilometers	3,250	4 to 5 hours	Gain of 1,000 meters	Steep section
11	Sing Gumpa to Gosaikunda	10 kilometers	4,380	5 to 6 hours	Gain of 1,130 meters	High alpine climb

12	Gosaikunda to Ghopte (via Lauribina La Pass)	15 kilometers	4,610	7 to 8 hours	Gain of 230 meters	Cross Lauribina La Pass
13	Ghopte to Tharepati	9 kilometers	3,690	3 to 4 hours	Loss of 920 meters	Descend and climb
14	Tharepati to Kutumsang	15 kilometers	2,455	6 to 7 hours	Loss of 1,235 meters	Forest trail
15	Kutumsang to Chisapani	13 kilometers	2,165	5 to 6 hours	Loss of 290 meters	Ridge and climb
16	Chisapani to Sundarijal and drive to Kathmandu	10 kilometers trekking plus road drive	1,380	5 hours trekking plus drive	Loss of 785 meters	Forest descent
17	Departure Day (Fly Home)	No distance	1,400	No walking hours	No elevation gain	End of trek

## Itinerary

On this adventure, we will connect the magnificent Langtang Valley to the holy Gosaikunda alpine lakes over nine days. With an exciting 4x4 ride from Kathmandu to Syabrubesi, we will then begin our trek by walking through rhododendron forests, continuing on to the Lama Hotel, and eventually to the wonderful Langtang Village and Kyanjin Gumpa. After this, we will ascend Kyanjin Ri to see amazing views of the regional landscape and to prepare us for our trek west toward the holy Gosaikunda lakes. After trekking through the stunning Lauri Binayak La Pass (4,610m), we will descend to Dhunche, where a vehicle will pick us up for our return to Kathmandu.

### Day 01: Arrive in Kathmandu.

Upon your arrival in the Kathmandu airport after completing your custom formalities Visa, etc. pick up your luggage and look for our airport representative from Himalaya Discovery, who will display your name on the board at the arrival gate. You will be greeted by our representative and transferred to the hotel by private tourist vehicle.

**Trek Distance:**

5-7 km airport to hotel (drive)

**Highest Altitude:**

1400m

**Meals:**

Breakfast

**Accommodations:**

Hotel

### Day 02: Free in Kathmandu for sightseeing and pre trip briefing and gear

## **check.**

Today is free for sightseeing in Kathmandu. You may wish to visit Durbar Square in the heart of the old city where the old Royal Palace, with its intricate woodcarving is located. The whole area is a maze of temples and images.

Leading away from the square in all directions are narrow alleys, full of the most amazing variety of shops and stalls. Some of these landmarks are considered World Heritage Sites including the historic Bhaktapur Durbar Square, the famous 'Monkey Temple' Swayambhunath and Buddhists shrine Buddhanath which is one of the largest Stupas in the world.

There will also be a full trip briefing today with gear check. In case you need to hire or buy equipment locally there will be time to do this today.

<b>Trek Distance:</b>	<b>Trek Duration</b>	<b>Highest Altitude:</b>
10-25 km (sightseeing)	3-6 hours city sightseeing walking	1,400 m

<b>Meals:</b>	<b>Accomodations:</b>
Breakfast	Hotel

## **Day 03: Drive to Syabrubesi by tourist bus / Jeep.**

Drive from Kathmandu to Syabrubesi which takes about 7 hours by bus / Jeep. You head north out of Kathmandu driving through scenic foothills and ridgeline vistas to Syabrubesi passing through Dhunche.

While passing along the road at the bank of Trishuli river you catch a glimpse of Ganesh Himal, terraces and green hills. From Trishuli to Syabrubesi the road is rough. Overnight at guesthouse.

<b>Trek Distance:</b>	<b>Trek Duration</b>	<b>Highest Altitude:</b>
About 145-170 km drive	7 hrs	1462m

<b>Meals:</b>	<b>Accomodations:</b>
Breakfast- Lunch- Dinner	Teahouse or lodge

## **Day 04: Trek to Lama Hotel / Rimche.**

Today, the first part of the trail crosses through Bhote Koshi and follows the Langtang Khola. This trail gradually ascents up to Bamboo passing through Landslide.

Afterward, your trek ascends gently to Rimche (2400 meters) through Bamboo (1960 meters) which lies at the bank of Langtang Khola. You can have lunch at this place if you like and at the end, your trail is level to the Lama hotel. En route you could see red pandas, monkeys and bears if you are lucky. Overnight at guesthouse.

**Trek Distance:**

About 10-12 km

**Trek Duration**

5 hrs

**Highest Altitude:**

2500m

**Meals:**

Breakfast- Lunch- Dinner

**Accomodations:**

Teahouse or lodge

**Day 05: Trek to Langtang Village / Mundu.**

From lama hotel, we continue gently ascending above the Langtang Khola. As the trail progresses, it becomes steeper. From time and again we can have the most exotic sights of Langtang Lirung lying at 7246 meters.

The trail leads to a log bridge and on climbing further we come across lush meadows of Ghoda-tabela at 2992 meters. We will see several lodges and a police check post. Further on, the route opens up into a wide valley of yak pastures and scattered Tamang villages showcasing water-driven mills and prayer wheels.

On descending for a while, we arrive at Langtang village after crossing a stream and reaching to the height 3430 meters. Langtang village is the headquarters for Langtang National Park and has flat-roofed Tibetan style houses, hotels and cultivated lands yielding buckwheat, potatoes, wheat, turnips, barley etc. Overnight at guesthouse.

**Trek Distance:**

Around 14-15 km

**Trek Duration**

5 hrs

**Highest Altitude:**

3307m

**Meals:**

Breakfast- Lunch- Dinner

**Accomodations:**

Teahouse or lodge

**Day 06: Trek to Kyanjin Gompa.**

The trail skirts gradually through rich yak pastures and interesting traditional villages of Mundu to Singdun. We cross a wooden cantilever bridge and reach a wide valley after climbing a moraine.

Finally, on ascending along the mountain passes we arrive at Kyagjin Gompa. There is a small monastery and a government-operated cheese factory. Overnight at guesthouse.

**Trek Distance:**

Roughly 6-8 km

**Trek Duration**

4 hrs

**Highest Altitude:**

3798m

**Meals:**

Breakfast- Lunch- Dinner

**Accomodations:**

Teahouse or lodge

## Day 07: Rest day at Kyanjin Gompa.

Today you may have a full day of rest and relaxation at the surrounding area. You can enjoy the views or explore the local area or visit some highlights of Cherku-ri (5,150 meters), glacier walk or Langshisha kharka depends on your fitness and interest. Overnight at guesthouse.

<b>Trek Distance:</b> Optional 5-14 km	<b>Trek Duration</b> Around 4 - 8 hours	<b>Highest Altitude:</b> 4,770 m
<b>Meals:</b> Breakfast- Lunch- Dinner	<b>Accomodations:</b> Teahouse or lodge	

## Day 08: Trek to Lama Hotel / Rimche.

Morning visit around Kyangjin Gompa and afternoon return Lama Hotel, we take a route back to Lama Hotel following the trail of we retrace our route, following the Langtang Khola to Langtang village and on to Ghoda Tabela.

We stop briefly for lunch and thereafter continue the steep descent to Lama hotel.

<b>Trek Distance:</b> Around 21-22 km	<b>Trek Duration</b> 6 hrs	<b>Highest Altitude:</b> 2500m
<b>Meals:</b> Breakfast- Lunch- Dinner	<b>Accomodations:</b> Teahouse or lodge	

## Day 09: Trek to Thulosyabru.

The beginning of the trail gently descends to the Landslide which then goes steeply up to Thulosyabru. En route you could see red pandas, monkeys and various species of birds.

Thulosyabru is a wonderful village. From where you can enjoy the amazing land feature and the magnificent nature with splendid views of Ganesh Himal (7110 meters), Langtang Himal and its ranges. Overnight at guesthouse.

<b>Trek Distance:</b> Around 5-7 hours	<b>Trek Duration</b> 5.30 hrs	<b>Highest Altitude:</b> 2250m
<b>Meals:</b> Breakfast- Lunch- Dinner	<b>Accomodations:</b> Teahouse or lodge	

## Day 10: Trek to Singompa.

The trails from Thulosyabru to Foprang Danda (3200 meters) follows a steep ascent path passing through Dursagang (2660 meters) along with the views of Langtang Himal, Ganesh Himal, Tibetan Mountain, Hemlock and forests.

Now the path gently ascends for a while then it follows a flat level to Sing Gompa. There is a well managed local cheese factory and a Buddhist Monastery. Singgompa provides panoramic views, exhilarating nature and Yak Cheese factory.

The cheese manufactured here is considered the best in Nepal. Overnight at guesthouse.

<b>Trek Distance:</b>	<b>Trek Duration</b>	<b>Highest Altitude:</b>
About 9-12 km	5 hrs	3250m

<b>Meals:</b>	<b>Accomodations:</b>
Breakfast- Lunch- Dinner	Teahouse or lodge

## Day 11: Trek to Gosaikunda.

The first part of the trail emerges and we steadily climb up to Lauribina-yak and the top of Lauribina-yak gives you an exotic feeling. With a steep ascent all the way to Gosaikunda. You follow a rugged trail with dramatic views to the Manaslu range, Ganesh Himal range, Tibetan peaks and Langtang Lirung.

On a clear day, even the Annapurna range can be seen rising up behind and to the North also across the valley is Langtang Lirung. You pass a few huts in the high pasture of Laurebinayak, cross a small ridge and have your first views of the holy lake of Gosaikunda. There are about a dozen lakes in the Gosainkunda Basin the main three being Saraswatikunda, Bhairabkunda and Gosainkunda.

According to legend, Gosainkunda was created by Shiva when he pierced a glacier with his trident to obtain water to quench his thirst after having swallowed a poison that threatened to destroy the world. Overnight at guesthouse.

<b>Trek Distance:</b>	<b>Trek Duration</b>	<b>Highest Altitude:</b>
Roughly 9-11 km	5 hrs	4300m

<b>Meals:</b>	<b>Accomodations:</b>
Breakfast- Lunch- Dinner	Teahouse or lodge

## Day 12: Cross over the Laurebina-yak pass then trek to Ghopte.

The trail leaves Gosaikunda and climbs through rugged country, past four small lakes to the Laurebina La (4610 meters), the highest point of this trek.

Keep looking back at the spectacular views of Manaslu and the mountains of the Ganesh Himal, as well as the now familiar Langtang Lirung. You then descend steeply to camp near Gopte. Overnight at

guesthouse.

**Trek Distance:**

About 10-12 km

**Trek Duration**

Around 7-9 hours

**Highest Altitude:**

4610m

**Meals:**

Breakfast- Lunch- Dinner

**Accomodations:**

Teahouse or lodge

**Day 13: Trek to Tharepati.**

You slide down through a forested area and climb through a dry river-bed to arrive at a Kharka that is surrounded by rhododendron forest.

You climb through the forest to arrive at the village of Tharepati. Tharepati village gives you a marvelous view of the Jugal area. Overnight at guesthouse.

**Trek Distance:**

Around 5-7 km

**Trek Duration**

3 - 4 hrs

**Highest Altitude:**

3690m

**Meals:**

Breakfast- Lunch- Dinner

**Accomodations:**

Teahouse or lodge

**Day 14: Trek to Kutumsang.**

After breakfast, we walk through the forest sometimes on the ridges of hills then descend to Magengoth, there was an Army camp before. Two lodges are still there.

The trail now is gently climbing to the hill then descend through the rhododendron and fir forest without settlements but a few shepherds' huts. The trail still continues further down to Kutumsang. Overnight at guesthouse.

**Trek Distance:**

About 11-13 km

**Trek Duration**

4.30 hrs

**Highest Altitude:**

2455m

**Meals:**

Breakfast- Lunch- Dinner

**Accomodations:**

Teahouse or lodge

**Day 15: Trek to Chisapani.**

From Kutumsang, the trail traverses through delightful classic hill village with a nice street, some shops where there are good mountains views the trail drops down to small hill ridge called Chipling (2170 m) where we stop for lunch.

From Chipling the trail continues down to Pati-bhanjyang then final steep climb to Chisapani (cold water). Overnight at guesthouse.

<b>Trek Distance:</b> Around 14-16 km	<b>Trek Duration</b> 5 hrs	<b>Highest Altitude:</b> 2165m
<b>Meals:</b> Breakfast- Lunch- Dinner	<b>Accomodations:</b> Teahouse or lodge	

## **Day 16: Trek to Sundarijal, then drive to Kathmandu.**

The route goes forward through the forest of oak and rhododendron and brings you to Borlang Bhanjyang (2440 m).

After we trek down to Mulkharka (1800 m) from where you can see the spectacular view of Kathmandu Valley. Descending through the forest to Sundarijal. And we drive back to Kathmandu by bus / car.

In the evening we will have a farewell dinner in a traditional Nepalese restaurant with cultural performances.

<b>Trek Distance:</b> Trek Duration: About 4-65 hrs hours, Driving Distance: Around 15-20 km Sundarijal to central Kathmandu	<b>Trek Duration</b>	<b>Highest Altitude:</b> 2,300 m
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<b>Meals:</b> Breakfast- Lunch- Dinner	<b>Accomodations:</b> Hotel
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## **Day 17: Free day / Fly to home.**

Today you can either stay back and enjoy a free day in Kathmandu or leave for your respective countries.

If you get interested to take some gifts from Nepal for friends and relatives, visit some nearby shops or go out in Thamel for typical Nepalese goods.

In the evening we will have a farewell dinner in a traditional Nepalese restaurant with cultural performances.

Our representatives will drop you off at the airport according to your flight schedule.

<b>Trek Distance:</b> 5-7 km hotel to airport (Drive)	<b>Trek Duration</b> 20-40 minutes drive	<b>Highest Altitude:</b> 1,400 m
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## **Meals:**

Breakfast

## **Price Includes**

- Airport transfers pick-up and drop-off.
- Three meals a day (breakfast, lunch, dinner) during the trek.
- Tea/Coffee three times a day.
- Fresh fruit every evening after the dinner.
- All accommodations during the trek.
- English speaking native Sherpa trek guide.
- Porter to carry your luggage during the trek (1 porter for 2 trekkers).
- All necessary paper works, Langtang National park entry permit.
- Trekking information management system (TIMS) permit.
- Transportation from and to Kathmandu by local bus (upgrade to private Jeep/car - USD 160 total).
- English speaking, trained government license holder a Sherpa guide.
- Accommodation / salary / food / drinks / insurance / equipment / medicine and transport for all staff.
- Himalaya Discovery duffel bag.
- Hiking pole for the trek, if needed.
- All government taxes.
- Trek map.
- Farewell dinner at typical Nepali restaurant after the trip completion in Kathmandu.

## **Price Excludes**

- International airfares and Nepal visa.
- Any personal medical or evacuation expenses incur.
- International Travel insurance which included rescue.
- Tips for staff (tipping is expected).
- Any others expenses which are not mentioned on the 'Price Includes' section.

## **Trip Addons**

### **Custom Add-Ons for Your Nepal Journey**

- Langtang Heli Exit from Gosaikunda

- Kathmandu Heritage Day Tour
- Everest Flight Sightseeing
- Trishuli River Rafting
- Chitwan Jungle Safari

## **4-Season Sleeping Bag Rentals**

We have insulated sleeping bags to keep you warm and cosy below -10°C. Replacement charge: only USD 165 for a lost or damaged item.

## **Personal Porter Services**

Take a dedicated porter (USD 20/day) who will carry 25kg. That translates to freer movement on long climbs and energy conservation in those high mountain passes.

## **Trip Information**

We handle all the details necessary for your Langtang and Gosaikunda trek, including obtaining your Langtang National Park and Gosaikunda trekking permit, doing a gear check, and providing guidance about your local guide.

You'll also be getting yourself ready for the winter walk by wearing insulated clothing and using trekking poles for the icy terrain of these two well-known treks.

Preparing physically with light acclimatization hikes in Kathmandu is best before ascending through high elevations over 4,000m on this trek. We will organize everything for a hassle-free trek experience.

## **Permits and Regulations for Langtang National Park**

### **Permits Required**

A valid permit is required for trekking in Langtang National Park. The Langtang National Park Entry Permit allows you access to the park and also contributes to the conservation of the forest, wildlife and trails.

This permit typically costs approximately NPR 3000 for most visitors from outside Nepal, although it will be less expensive for visitors from the SAARC region and for Nepali citizens.

The permit is regularly checked at the national park entry points of Dhunche and Syabrubesi, and you are required to carry the permit for the duration of the trek.

### **TIMS Card (Trekking Information Management System)**

In addition to a Langtang national park entry permit, other trekkers usually also obtain a TIMS card, which is a way for authorities to keep track of trekkers, primarily for their safety.

TIMS cards can be obtained through the licensed trekking agencies in Kathmandu or at the Nepal Tourism Board (NTB)/TAAN offices prior to your trek.

Although the level of enforcement of TIMS varies, it is still widely accepted as part of a responsible trekking package.

## **Guide and Regulation Requirements**

New regulations state that all trekkers must have an approved trekking (or nature) guide, arranged by a registered guide agency, in order to trek in Langtang National Park.

As a result, independent solo trekking in Langtang National Park is no longer permitted.

## **How to Get from Kathmandu to Syabrubesi?**

### **Public Bus**

You can reach Syabrubesi by taking a public bus. In the early morning (between 6:00 and 9:00 am), public buses head to Syabrubesi from the Gongabu (Machhapokhari) Bus Park in Kathmandu. It takes about 7-9 hours to get there, with stops along the way for tea and refreshments.

Public buses are also the most economical, and you can purchase your bus ticket at the bus park or through your trekking agency.

### **Shared and Private Jeeps**

If you'd prefer a more comfortable and/or faster way to get to Syabrubesi, you may use either a shared Jeep or hire a privately owned Jeep in Kathmandu.

On average, shared Jeeps take 6-8 hours to arrive, and they leave when full. A privately owned Jeep provides more flexibility (for departure time), more space for cargo, as well as a faster pick-up time than a shared Jeep (approximately 6-8 hours).

Regardless of which mode of transportation you choose to use, they all take the Pasang Lhamu Highway through Dhunche before arriving at Syabrubesi.

You'll enjoy spectacular views of hilly countryside and rivers throughout your journey.

## **Hiring a Guide vs. Trekking Solo: Which is Better for Langtang Gosaikunda Trek**

A recent change in policies means that solo trekking without a licensed guide on the Langtang-Gosaikunda route no longer exists for non-residents of Nepal.

To trek in areas such as Langtang National Park, you'll need to engage a government-registered trekking guide through a licensed agency.

This policy provides a greater level of safety for all trekkers. And it allows for more effective management of permit requests.

Guided trekking is advantageous even where independent trekking was previously possible. It provides additional safety, navigational and logistical assistance. Plus cultural enrichment through interpreting local customs and language. You'll be glad that knowledge is with you on the trail.

If independent trekking becomes possible again in the future, it'll offer greater flexibility for pace and decision-making. And it'll lower the overall cost since you won't have to pay for a guide. But you'll need to take care of fully self-planned routes.

That includes navigation, permits and preparation for unexpected events. Don't underestimate what that involves.

<b>Factor</b>	<b>With Guide</b>	<b>Solo Trekking</b>
Legality (2026)	Required for foreigners	Not permitted for foreign trekkers
Safety & Navigation	High (professional)	Depends on your experience
Permit & Logistics	Managed by guide/agency	You must handle all yourself
Cost	Higher (guide fees)	Lower (no guide)
Cultural Insight	Strong (local knowledge)	Variable (self-learning)

## **Internet and Mobile Signal on the Trail**

Internet access and cellular coverage vary significantly between urban, lower elevation areas and the higher elevations in the Himalayas.

At lower elevations such as Syabrubesi, Dhunche and Thulo Syabru, you will typically have good cellular signal coverage provided by Nepal Telecom (NTC) or Ncell if you are using a SIM card purchased locally.

As you travel upward, cellular signal strength gradually decreases as you get closer to Lama Hotel, Langtang Village and Kyanjin Gumpa; however, NTC is generally considered more reliable than Ncell.

At Gosaikunda Lake and on Lauribina La, cellular signal coverage is generally very poor or non-existent, and thus you should not depend on mobile phone service for your connectivity.

Even though some teahouses may offer paid Wi-Fi access, the service can be quite slow and may drop at inopportune times.

To help you stay in touch while trekking, we recommend that you download destination maps and any other necessary materials before leaving home, and bring along a large-capacity portable battery.

## **Basic Nepali & Tamang Phrases for Meaningful Trail Interaction**

- Namaste - Hello/Greeting (common way to greet anyone in Nepal)
- Dhanyabad - Thank You
- Hajur - Yes / Showing respect and politeness to someone
- Hoina - No
- Ma Thik Chu - I Am Good
- Tapaiko Naam Ke Ho? - What Is Your Name?

- Maile Bujhina - I Do Not Understand
- Paani - Water
- Malai Sahayog Chahincha - I Need Help
- Helpful Nepali Words
- Bistarai - Slow (very important when on trails).
- Swagatam - Welcome
- Toilet kaha cha? - Where Is The Toilet?
- Basic Tamang Phrase
- Lhasoo (or Lashso) - Tamang way of saying hello, and is used as a form of greeting amongst the Tamang people.

## **Dos and Don'ts to Understand for your Trekking to Gosainkunda and Langtang**

### **Dos**

- Whatever your journey, pack the right gear. Quality trekking shoes, a good jacket and clothing for the hike. Most trekkers recommend comfortable, durable equipment over excess pack weight.
- Move slowly and in a measured way. Think "tuku tuku" or short steps, particularly on the ascent. It saves energy and reduces strain.
- Go at your own pace each day. And don't push long distances in one go. Slow trekking helps acclimatisation. And it's a good time too.
- Before travelling into trickier sections like Gosainkunda, especially in shoulder seasons, discuss conditions and hazards with locals or guides on the ground. You'll be glad you asked.
- Keep an open mind regarding your itinerary. Weather and snow around high passes such as Laurebina La can play with timing. So don't be rigid.
- If continuing from Langtang to Gosainkunda on the same trip, leave a day or two for acclimatisation. It's not optional. It's smart planning.

### **Don'ts**

- Don't walk long hours daily on the trek, especially after leaving Kathmandu or Syabrubesi. Settle in for a few days first. Your body will thank you.
- Don't forget weather changes. High altitude can mean quick cold, snow or wind, even if lower sections are temperate. So always pack for the unexpected.
- Don't expect Gosainkunda to be lightly trafficked. Conditions are seasonal. So it's better to plan ahead. Don't leave it to chance.
- Don't hike too late in the day. Dim light and fatigue make slips or missteps on mountain trails more likely. And at altitude, that's a risk you don't want to take.

# Frequently Asked Questions

Not sure if all 17 days will suit you, or if the 4600m pass is doable? Our guides tell how to acclimatize, identify altitude symptoms and safely negotiate early spring or winter routes.

## Most Important Questions answered

### **Can I walk on the frozen Gosaikunda Lake during the winter trek?**

Gosaikunda Lake in the winter months (January to February) is completely covered with ice and very durable. However, walking on the ice is not recommended unless you are totally sure where it is “safe” (with a local guide).

This is because there are many locations of varying thickness of ice that have unpredictable qualities; one could fall through into the water and suffer from immediate life-threatening hypothermia because he/she would have been dropped from a height of 4,380 metres.

### **Is there a way to see the “108 Sacred Lakes” without a long detour?**

The majority of trekkers travelling to Gosaikunda just go to see the largest lake, known as Gosaikunda; they miss seeing other well-known lakes (for example, Bhairav Kund and Saraswati Kund), which can easily be seen on the path between Lauribinayak and the pass, if you take a short time out to look left and then right.

For those who want to see more than one or two lakes from the 108 lakes, they will have to use one of their laying gallery together with a day of trekking forward along the previous path used to go to Surya Peak, in order to get an aerial view.

### **Does the mandatory guide policy apply if I’m just going to Gosaikunda?**

Yes, because Gosaikunda is located in the Langtang National Park, there is now a “No Solo Trekking” policy for 2026, which requires a licensed guide for hiking any trip. You will be checked at Dhunche and Syabrubesi before entering for your e-TIMS and a copy of your trek guide’s license; both will be vigorously checked.

### **What is the “Khumbu Cough,” and is it a risk on this specific route?**

Khumbu cough is a persistent dry cough caused by breathing in freezing, dry mountain air, which happens frequently along the steep trail to Lauribina La.

To avoid getting Khumbu cough, wear a buff or neck gaiter over your mouth while hiking, as it will help warm and humidify the air you inhale before it reaches your lungs, especially when pushing towards altitudes higher than 4,000 m.

### **How do I manage the “Trishuli road” motion sickness before the trek?**

In addition to being a dangerous road, the ride from Kathmandu to Syabrubesi has many windings and bumps (the ride typically takes between seven and nine hours), which often lead to serious motion sickness for foreign visitors.

It is strongly advised to take a private jeep instead of a local bus to provide you with better shock absorption along the way. It is also recommended to bring motion sickness pills for the first 4 hours of your journey to handle the motion sickness.

## **Address**

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